

FIRST EDITION

HORRORS.

A Chapter of Destitution, Crime and Distress—The Sequel to a Shocking Prize Fight.

THE DEATH OF A FIGHTER. From the Watkins (N. Y.) Democrat. A few weeks ago the papers of this locality contained an account of a prize fight between a couple of men in the town of Metrow, which resulted in the death of one of the parties—Mekraw—and escape of the other—Donnelly. We are now enabled to give the sequel. A few days after the death of Metrow, while the officers were seeking Donnelly, who was received by Dr. Wheeler of Falmouth village, from that individual, requesting his immediate attendance upon him, as he had fallen from a rocky height and injured himself severely. The doctor rendered an answer to the effect that he would render his assistance provided it would give himself up to the proper authorities, which, upon due consideration the necessity of the case he acceded to, and was taken to Farmer Village, where Dr. Wheeler, after an examination, discovered that Donnelly's leg had been fractured in such a manner, and deformed so long, as to render amputation necessary, which operation was performed, but the man had become so weakened from exposure that he could not stand, and he died, thus terminating the greatest excitement which the quiet neighborhood of Falmouth has ever experienced, and we sincerely trust never again be called upon to undergo from a similar case.

EXPLOSION OF NITRO-GLYCERINE—LOSS OF HUMAN LIFE.

A frightful accident occurred on the 29th ult., about six miles from Philadelphia, on the road to Camden, where a train of nitro-glycerine, arrived at Camden, and was conveyed in boats to the pier. In the afternoon five barrels left the pier, and were taken to the wharf of the Philadelphia and Camden Railroad, where they were being stored for the use of the Philadelphia and Camden Railroad. At 6 o'clock, while the former two were near Croydon, a terrible explosion occurred. The explosion was so violent that three men were blown to atoms, and fragments of the cart wheels were thrown to a great distance. In the village, which is situated about a mile and a half from the spot, great injury was done. Hoops were knocked down and windows were broken in. At the spot where the carts were two round holes, six feet deep and four feet wide, and a great quantity of earth was blown to pieces. The whole valley, to the foot of Snowden, suffered a tremendous shock, and damage was done in every part of it. A very great shock was felt at Camden and Bangor, and for miles around. Portions of human remains were found scattered from the spot where the explosion occurred. Three quaysmen who were 300 yards off were severely injured. The three other carts were blown apart, and the nitro-glycerine exploded on the side. The greatest consternation prevailed. Thousands congregated from the neighboring towns and villages to the scene of the accident, and a cart-wheel was found broken into fifty parts on, on the rocks about the scene of the accident. SIX PERSONS BURNED TO DEATH IN ONE HOUSE IN

FROM THE BUCKHANNAN (W. Va.) News, July 7.

One of the most terrible and heartrending accidents which has ever happened in our county occurred on the night of July 2. The house of Mr. Quick was destroyed by fire, and most of his family, his wife and three children, and two children of a near neighbor, Mr. Kimball, six in all, perished in the flames. The cause of the fire, according to account, furnished by E. J. Burr, Esq., who lives near the scene—

On the night of the 2d inst., in Washington township, the residence of Mr. Quick was burning, and the house known as the Berlin property was destroyed by fire, and most of his family, his wife and three children, and two children of a near neighbor, Mr. Kimball, six in all, perished in the flames. The cause of the fire, according to account, furnished by E. J. Burr, Esq., who lives near the scene—

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SECOND EDITION

DEMOCRACY.

Preliminaries to the State Convention

To-morrow—Proceedings in Harrisburg To-day—An Influx of Politicians and Delegates—Philadelphia's Quota on Hand.

Speculations About the Probable Result of the Convention—The Supreme Court Judgments.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM HARRISBURG.

The Day Before the Democratic State Convention—The Capital Act—Arrival of Delegates—Speculations as to the Result—Philadelphia Sends Her Wise Men.

FIRST SPECIAL DISPATCH.

HARRISBURG, July 13.—The city is all astir on account of the Democratic State Convention which assembles to-morrow. Delegates have not yet arrived in great force, but a number of partisans are already on hand.

The Arrival of Delegates.

Two clubs from Pittsburg arrived at 5 A. M., numbering over three hundred members. Some of them are grumbling fearfully because they are to be stowed away at night at a dozen in a room. Shortly after noon the Cass and Packer Clubs arrived from Philadelphia, nearly three hundred strong. Two or three clubs from other sections are expected during the afternoon, and when they and the delegates are all here the town will be packed.

Two of the Candidates.

General Cass and General McCandless, have already arrived, but Judge Packer has not.

Philadelphia's Quota.

Among prominent Philadelphia politicians already here are Alderman McMullin, John Tobin, Sam. Randall, Sam. Joseph, John P. Aherm, Charles M. Hurley, Sam. Carson, C. W. Carrigan, and Col. Dugan.

Under a Bushel.

So far no light can be thrown on the result of the convention, although Cass is claimed by his friends to have the inside track at present.

The Supreme Court Judgments.

The gubernatorial question absorbs everybody's time and attention, no one seeming to know or care who will be pressed for the Supreme Court Judgments. Nearly every county will probably present the name of its local favorite for the position.

The Convention.

meets at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning, and will probably finish its labors in one day.

SECOND SPECIAL DISPATCH.

Who are the Candidates for Supreme Court Judge.

HARRISBURG, July 13.—If Packer should receive the nomination for Governor, the chances of C. L. Pershing of Cambria county are regarded as best for Supreme Court Judge. He was a prominent member of the House of Representatives for two years a few years ago, and took a high stand at that time.

Another prominent candidate, in the case of Packer's success, is Silas Clarke, of Indiana county, who has received strong endorsements from a number of Democratic judges now on the bench. Judge William Ellwell, of Bradford county, and Judge R. Brown, of Warren county, are also prominently named for the Judgeship.

THIRD SPECIAL DISPATCH.

The Cass Men Hopeful.

HARRISBURG, July 13.—The hopes of the Cass men are very strong, and they claim that their favorite will have at least 50 votes out of the 133 on the first ballot.

The Second Nomination Hinges on the First.

It is generally conceded that the nomination for Supreme Court Judge will rest on the result of the gubernatorial contest. In case of Cass being nominated, Hamilton Alricks, of Dauphin county, is thought to have the best prospect. He is a prominent lawyer of Harrisburg, and well known generally throughout the State, especially among the Democrats.

FOURTH SPECIAL DISPATCH.

What the Packer Men Claim.

HARRISBURG, July 13.—Although Cass will probably stand highest on the first ballot, the friends of Packer claim that when the scattering votes are collected they will be concentrated on him, and cause his vote to gradually increase until he secures the nomination. The fact that the Erie delegation, headed by Hon. William A. Galbraith, are using their utmost endeavors to secure Packer's nomination, is regarded as very significant.

Cass Hard at Work.

General Cass, with his son-in-law, John N. Hutchinson, is hard at work manipulating the delegates. Judge Packer will not come to Harrisburg at all, but Judge Broadhead, of Carbon county, represents him and extends hospitalities in his behalf at two hotels.

The Philadelphia Delegation

now stands fifteen for Packer, and the balance are divided between Cass and McCandless.

The Permanent Chairmanship.

A strong contest will be waged over the permanent chairmanship, but it is thought that ex-Senator Charles R. Buckalew, who is understood to favor Packer, will secure the position.

FROM THE WEST.

Departure of a Distinguished Excursion Party

A NEW BRIDGE PROJECTED. LEAVENWORTH, July 12.—An excursion party of forty distinguished railroad men left here for the West this morning by a special train on the Kansas Pacific Railroad.

L. B. Boomer, the Chicago bridge builder, met the Board of Directors of the Leavenworth Bridge Company this morning, when satisfactory arrangements were concluded for the immediate construction of a bridge over the Missouri river at this point. The work will be commenced on both sides of the river this week.

Further Railroad Improvements Contemplated.

The Bulletin of to-day has an article stating that as soon as the gauge of the Missouri Pacific Railroad is reduced to correspond with other roads in this section, through trains for the Missouri River and Gulf, and the Hannibal and St. Joseph's Railroad will be made up in this city. As heretofore, trains will be made up at Leavenworth, running through to Chicago over the bridge at Kansas City, to Cameron and Quincy without change or delay.

FROM WILKESBARRE.

Departure of the Packer Delegation.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Telegraph. WILKESBARRE, July 13.—The Packer delegation to the Democratic Convention leave here to-day for Harrisburg. A portion of them go on the morning train, and the remainder will start at noon. They will make their headquarters at the Bolton Hotel.

The Weather at the Sea-side.

CAPE MAY, July 13.—Wind east; hazy; thermometer, 69.

ATLANTIC CITY, July 13.—Wind east; thermometer, 70.

LONG BRANCH, July 13.—Wind east; clear and pleasant.

FROM EUROPE.

Reorganization of the French Ministry—Napoleonic Tactics—Reforms Being Attigated.

LONDON, July 13.—As already predicted, the Emperor to-day yields to the demands of the Legislative Assembly. It is further stated that at present no change will be made in the ministry, but a reorganization of the cabinet is certain to occur, and that shortly. Throughout the crisis the Emperor's peculiar shrewdness was observable. He has now invited nearly all the deputies to St. Cloud to join in a dinner and soiree, to come off during the present week; he has chatted playfully with many of the deputies of all shades of opinions, saying many piquant things so attractive to Frenchmen.

To one, by whom the Emperor was button-holed, he said, "Ah, monsieur, the buffet is near; you mean to take hold of my coat, in case I might pull you back."

To several others he said:—"You begin to treat me as the old lion in the fable, in trying to cut my nails, take out my teeth, and leave me with nothing but my mane, which is considered harmless." To a number of others he said:—"The elections have proven clearly that you must choose between the empire and revolution—between neither system individuals can be set up."

While the Emperor's conduct for the past few days has been considered adroit, it must not be considered to have stopped the agitation for further concessions in the way of reforms.

This Morning's Quotations.

By Atlantic Cable. LONDON, July 13.—A. M.—Consols, 93 1/2 for money and 93 1/4 for account. U. S. Five-twenties firm at 82. American stocks quiet. Erie, 15 1/2; Illinois Central, 95 1/2.

PARIS, July 13.—A. M.—The Bourse opens quiet; Rentes, 71 1/2.

LIVERPOOL, July 13.—A. M.—Cotton is firmer, but not higher; middling uplands, 12 1/2; middling Orleans, 12 1/2. The sales to-day are estimated at 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs are firmer. California Wheat, 108. 10.

LONDON, July 13.—A. M.—Lined oil sells at 210 2s. Sugar quiet and steady, for both on the spot and abroad. Tallow, 45s. 3d.

This Afternoon's Quotations.

LONDON, July 13.—P. M.—The money market is easier, and the Bourse is higher. Consols, 93 1/2 for account. U. S. Five-twenties quiet and steady. Stocks steady. Erie, 15 1/2; Atlantic and Great Western, 84.

LIVERPOOL, July 13.—P. M.—Flour, 24s. Western Wheat, 9s. 4d. 1/2. Cheese, 6s. 6d.

HAVRE, July 13.—Cotton opened active both on the spot and abroad.

LIVERPOOL, July 13.—P. M.—Yarns and fabrics at Manchester are quiet and steady.

GENERALITIES.

The Indiana Fighter.

This morning General Custer will leave here for the West. His headquarters will be at Fort Hays. No officer during the war or since has been more vigilant, daring, brave, and true than General Custer. The people here have been guarded by him, and saved from peril through his gallantry, and they have a feeling for him of enthusiastic attachment.—Leavenworth (Kansas) Times and Conservator, July 13.

Those "Military Straps."

We notice that the Democratic papers most fierce in their denunciations of the military straps are now working like beavers to effect the nomination of Governor of one of these same "straps"—General Hancock. The Ohio Democrats have also just nominated another "strap" for Governor of that State in the person of General Rosecrans. This is all right, but what do the old hunkers of the party think about it?—Harrisburg Telegraph.

How to Win an Adversary.

The British have a popular belief that the sure way of making friends of an adversary is down his throat. John Bull runs to dinners as a Chinaman runs to gin and tonics. He believes that a man most generally gets better-natured and more satisfied with the world when his stomach is well lined with good fat capon and roast beef. Mr. Bull was not mistaken in his belief in regard to Henry Johnson. He is likely to be successful in the same way with Minister Motley.—N. Y. Commercial.

The Iron Bird.

A jeweller of Millport was returning home about dusk the other evening with his jewelry box, and while passing along the road the report of a gun was heard in the meadow nearby, where a couple of men were standing. The jeweller, who was frightened, hid himself in a bush, and when he saw the contents of the gun into it. The other hunter, supposing the bird to be only wounded, gave it the contents of his gun, and before the watchsmith could explain the bird was completely roasted, and himself narrowly escaped being shot.—Milford Mutual Friend.

Storm in Williamsport.

The Williamsport (Pa.) Bulletin says:—During the very heavy rain and thunder storm which occurred about two o'clock on Thursday afternoon, accompanied by a high wind, a school building was struck by the storm. The storm was particularly severe in the western part of the city, and a frame building in process of erection, owned by Messrs. Brown and Phleger, situated at 34 1/2 St. Clair street, was blown down, and the storm. It was 123 feet long by 25 wide, and was inclosed and under roof. When the wind struck the building several men were at work in it. It was lifted up and dropped down on the foundation two or three times, and then taken bodily and carried entirely off from the foundation and landed in a heap of ruins. The roof remains entire; but all the other parts are a complete wreck. Some of the workmen escaped by jumping out, but others remained in the building, and were or less injured. Mr. James Truesdell had his hip broken, and Conrad Snyder had an arm broken. Reed Haddell was considerably bruised, Mr. Charles School, the master builder, was slightly injured. It is a wonder that they escaped as they did.

Summer Notes.

At the watering places the ladies wear very pretty breakfast caps of Swiss muslin—a triangular piece—of white tulle with quilting of the same on the edge.

Although early in the season, quite a number of handsome umbrellas are at Saratoga, owned principally by New Yorkers.

Visitors will do well to provide themselves with cups as well as plates, as the various refreshments to drink from a number which are given are just being gizzled from.

All the watering-place hotels are now provided with bands of music, and the afternoon concerts and little informal hops of the evening have commenced.

Several well-known and conspicuous New York belles are at Saratoga, and will be followed by those non-sensational individuals known as "society young gentlemen."

Whatever can be easily put on and off is in the course of the best to buy for the sea-shore and mountains.

Sneezes are no longer worn, except for simple dress in the carriage, or the jauntiest and briefest kind for breakfast. Then they are of the gayest colors, with strong contrasts of trimming.

THIRD EDITION

WASHINGTON.

The Pacific Railroad—An Important Question Decided by the Attorney-General—Appointments.

BALTIMORE.

The Grand Singing Festival—The Performances of the Philadelphia Societies.

FROM WASHINGTON.

An Appointment Declined.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—Secretary Boutwell this morning received a telegram from General Francis A. Osborne, recently appointed Supervisor for Massachusetts, Rhode Island, and Connecticut, declining the appointment.

Appointment.

L. T. Adams, of New York, has been appointed Consul at Malta.

An Opinion from Attorney-General Hear Relative to the Pacific Railroad.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—The Attorney-General has prepared the following opinion:—

ATTORNEY-GENERAL'S OFFICE, WASHINGTON, July 12, 1869.—Hon. George S. Boutwell, Secretary of the Treasury—Sir:—By your letter of the 26th of June, 1869, you submit to me the consideration of the eleventh section of the act of Congress entitled "An act to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line from the Missouri river to the Pacific Ocean, and to secure to the Government the use of the same for postal, military, and other purposes," approved July 1, 1862, in which it was provided that no more than fifty thousand dollars of said bonds, for \$1000 each, shall be issued, under this act, to aid in constructing the main line of railroad and telegraph, and request me to give you my opinion as to what constitutes the main line of said railroad and telegraph, indicating the point of its commencement on the east and of its termination on the west. I have given the question careful consideration, and am of the opinion that by the true construction of the statute referred to, the main line of the Pacific Railroad intended in the eleventh section thereof commences at the one hundredth meridian, longitude west from Greenwich, and terminates at the eastern boundaries of the State of California. Very respectfully, your obedient servant,

E. R. HOAR, Attorney-General.

Trial of a Murderer.

WASHINGTON, July 13.—125 P. M.—The trial of Minnie Gaines, the mulatto girl, for the murder of a Government clerk named Ingalls, commenced to-day, and is producing a great deal of excitement. The defense hold that she was insane, and will attempt to prove that insanity is hereditary in her family.

Cabinet Meeting.

The regular meeting of the Cabinet was held to-day, all the members being present.

FROM BALTIMORE.

The Great Seagull—Grand Rehearsal This Morning for the Concert To-night—The Philadelphia Societies Distinguished—How the Prizes will be Awarded.

BALTIMORE, July 13.—The grand rehearsal this morning for the concert of the united singing societies to-night was entirely successful, comprising nearly 3000 voices, showing evidence of their practice in their several solos. The selections were in many instances difficult, but certain parts were given with expression and feeling, and the fortissimo passages with dignity and grandeur. The Philadelphia societies distinguished themselves, and occupy much attention here.

The Maennerchor, with their band, were present at a grand banquet given last night by the Germania Maennerchor of this city to their guests. The judges of the prize concert have not yet determined to whom to award the prizes, but it is pretty certain that for the first prizes the Young Maennerchor of Philadelphia, and the Liederkranz of New York will be successful. There will be a continued anxiety until the decision is made known to-morrow afternoon.

William Fischer, organist of your Jewish temple, is the only Philadelphian on the Board of Judges. This afternoon most of the Philadelphia delegations will enjoy themselves on social improvised excursions, everything being done for their comfort and success. The most elaborate and difficult composition sung last night was one by Liszt, sung by your Young Maennerchor.

Markets by Telegraph.

New York, July 13.—Cotton firm; sales of 100 bales at 24 1/2 cts. Flour dull, but without decided change; sales of 8000 barrels. Wheat active and steady; sales of 62,000 bushels No. 2 at \$1.15 1/2. Corn steady; sales of 40,000 bushels. Oats dull at 82c. Beef quiet. Pork quiet. Lard dull at 19 1/2 cts. Whisky quiet.

NEW YORK, July 13.—Stocks very strong. Money active at 10 per cent. 37 1/2 cts. 90s. 100s. coupon, 125 1/2; do. 1864, do. 121 1/2; do. 1865, do. 121 1/2; do. 1866, do. 121 1/2; do. 1867, do. 121 1/2; do. 1868, do. 121 1/2; do. 1869, do. 121 1/2; do. 1870, do. 121 1/2; do. 1871, do. 121 1/2; do. 1872, do. 121 1/2; do. 1873, do. 121 1/2; do. 1874, do. 121 1/2; do. 1875, do. 121 1/2; do. 1876, do. 121 1/2; do. 1877, do. 121 1/2; do. 1878, do. 121 1/2; do. 1879, do. 121 1/2; do. 1880, do. 121 1/2; do. 1881, do. 121 1/2; do. 1882, do. 121 1/2; do. 1883, do. 121 1/2; do. 1884, do. 121 1/2; do. 1885, do. 121 1/2; do. 1886, do. 121 1/2; do. 1887, do. 121 1/2; do. 1888, do. 121 1/2; do. 1889, do. 121 1/2; do. 1890, do. 121 1/2; do. 1891, do. 121 1/2; do. 1892, do. 121 1/2; do. 1893, do. 121 1/2; do. 1894, do. 121 1/2; do. 1895, do. 121 1/2; do. 1896, do. 121 1/2; do. 1897, do. 121 1/2; do. 1898, do. 121 1/2; do. 1899, do. 121 1/2; do. 1900, do. 121 1/2; do. 1901, do. 121 1/2; do. 1902, do. 121 1/2; do. 1903, do. 121 1/2; do. 1904, do. 121 1/2; do. 1905, do. 121 1/2; do. 1906, do. 121 1/2; do. 1907, do. 121 1/2; do. 1908, do. 121 1/2; do. 1909, do. 121 1/2; do. 1910, do. 121 1/2; do. 1911, do. 121 1/2; do. 1912, do. 121 1/2; do. 1913, do. 121 1/2; do. 1914, do. 121 1/2; do. 1915, do. 121 1/2; do. 1916, do.